

Tinakula Island Bird Checklist

Swallow Group, Santa Cruz Isles, Solomon Islands

10 23 22.22s 165 48 14.46e

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#	Common Name	Scientific Name	Ecol. Status	Abundance	References
1.	Eastern Reef Egret	<i>Egretta sacra</i>	Res	P,	1,
2.	Striated Heron	<i>Butorides striatus</i>	Res bre	P,	1,
3.	Purple Swamphen	<i>Porphyrio porphyrio</i>	Res bre	P,	1,
4.	Spotless Crake	<i>Porzana tabuensis tabuensis</i>	Res bre	Local,	1,3,5,
5.	Pacific Imperial Pigeon	<i>Ducula pacifica pacifica</i>	Res bre	P, Coll.	1,7,
6.	Pacific Emerald Dove	<i>Chalcophaps longirostris sandwichensis</i>	Res bre	P, 1M2F Coll. Ma coll by Beck Mar 1927,	1,7,8,
7.	Santa Cruz Ground-Dove	<i>Gallicolumba sanctaerucis</i>	End SC & Santo	P, Rare	1,6,
8.	Mackinlay's Cuckoo-Dove	<i>Macropygia mackinlayi trougtoni</i>	Res bre	P	1,
9.	Palm Lorikeet	<i>Charmosyna palmarum</i>	End SC & Vanuatu		1,
10.	Long-tailed Koel	<i>Eudynamys taitensis</i>	Win mig	P, 1 coll. Mar 1927.	1,4,
11.	Collared Kingfisher	<i>Todirhamphus chloris ornata</i>	Res bre	P,	1,2,
12.	Polynesian Starling	<i>Aplornis tabuensis pachyramphus</i>	Res bre	Coll AMNH,	1,

KEY

Ecological status

End = Endemic to Island unless otherwise stated, **Res bre** = Resident breeder, **Res** = resident ie breeding not proven or not likely. For seabirds it means they have or should be found in that area: note other refs. **Vag** = Vagrant, **Res/mig** = Part of population migratory, **Sum mig** = Summer migrant, **Win mig** = Winter migrant, **Spr/Aut mig** = Passage migrant in Spring and Autumn, **Intro** = Introduced.

Abundance

R = rare, **S** = scarce, **UC** = uncommon, **MC** = moderately common, **LC** = locally common, **C** = common, **VC** = very common, **A** = abundant, **P** = present.

Colour coding applies only to one species on a particular list. eg. An abundance comment in **red** for the Brown Booby refers to the Ref # in **Red** for that species only.

Alternate Island Names & alternate common Bird Names are recorded in two separate spreadsheet files.

REFERENCES

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8. American Museum of Natural History, Vertebrate Zoology. Accessed 13 Oct 2008 at: <http://entheros.amnh.org/db/emuwebamnh/logon.php> search for "Tinakula"