

Pileni Island Bird Checklist

Reef Group, Santa Cruz Group, Solomon Islands

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#	Common Name	Scientific Name	Ecol. Status	Abundance	References
1.	Bristle-thighed Curlew	<i>Numenius tahitiensis</i>	Sum mig	4 obs 16.9.1997,	1,
2.	Sanderling	<i>Calidris alba</i>	Sum mig	2 seen 24.11.1997.	1,
3.	White Tern	<i>Gygis alba alba</i>	Res bre	15 seen Nov 1997 prob br.	1,2,
4.	Brown Noddy	<i>Anous stolidus pileatus</i>	Res bre	300 br Nov 1997.	1,2,
5.	Black Noddy	<i>Anous minutus minutus</i>	Res	500 roosting Sep 1997 reported to br.	1,2,

KEY

Ecological status

End = Endemic to Island unless otherwise stated, **Res bre** = Resident breeder, **Res** = resident ie breeding not proven or not likely. For seabirds it means they have or should be found in that area: note other refs. **Vag** = Vagrant, **Res/mig** = Part of population migratory, **Sum mig** = Summer migrant, **Win mig** = Winter migrant, **Spr/Aut mig** = Passage migrant in Spring and Autumn, **Intro** = Introduced.

Abundance

R = rare, **S** = scarce, **UC** = uncommon, **MC** = moderately common, **LC** = locally common, **C** = common, **VC** = very common, **A** = abundant, **P** = present.

Colour coding applies only to one species on a particular list. eg. An abundance comment in red for the Brown Booby refers to the Ref # in Red for that species only.

Alternate Island Names & alternate common Bird Names are recorded in two separate spreadsheet files.

REFERENCES

- Dutson, G. 2001. New distributional ranges for Melanesian birds. *Emu* **101**: 217-248.
- Hoyo, J del., A. Elliott & J Sargatal. 1996. **Handbook of the Birds of the World** Vol. 3. Lynx Edicions / Birdlife International.