

Haycock Island Bird Checklist

East of Vaghena Island, Solomon Islands

7 28 31.52s 157 52 20.43e

Compiled by Michael K. Tarburton, Pacific Adventist University, PNG.

swiftlet@optusnet.com.au

[To communicate: please re-type e-mail address]

#	Common Name	Scientific Name	Ecol. Status	Abundance	References
1.	Lesser Frigatebird	<i>Fregata ariel</i>	Res	M seen 21.12.2005,	1,
2.	Eastern Reef Egret	<i>Egretta sacra</i>	Res	2 grey form 21.12.2005,	1,
3.	Striated Heron	<i>Butorides striatus</i>	Res	2 seen 21.12.05,	1,
4.	Eastern Osprey	<i>Pandion cristatus</i>	Res	1 seen 21.12.2005,	1,
5.	Melanesian Scrubfowl	<i>Megapodius eremita</i>	Res bre	1 seen + 2 heard + egg burrows 21.12.2005,	1,
6.	Beach Thick-knee	<i>Esacus magnirostris</i>	Res	2 seen 21.12.2005,	1,
7.	Grey Plover	<i>Pluvialis squatarola</i>	Sum mig	1 seen 21.12.2005,	1,
8.	Ruddy Turnstone	<i>Arenaria interpres</i>	Sum mig	1 seen 21.12.2005,	1,
9.	Grey-tailed Tattler	<i>Tringa brevipes</i>	Sum mig	3 seen and heard 21.12.2005,	1,
10.	Wandering Tattler	<i>Tringa incana</i>	Sum mig	1 seen & heard (long continuous call) 21.12.2005,	1,
11.	Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>	Sum mig	1 seen 21.12.2005,	1,
12.	Common Tern	<i>Sterna hirundo longipennis</i>	Sum mig	91 perched on seaweed Farm stakes on Nth side 21.12.05,	1,
13.	Black-naped Tern	<i>Sterna sumatrana sumatrana</i>	Res	2 roosting 21.12.2005,	1,
14.	Brown Noddy	<i>Anous stolidus pileatus</i>	Res	15, 5, 20, 4, 1, flying past W coast 21.12.2005,	1,
15.	Island Imperial Pigeon	<i>Ducula pistrinaria</i>	Res	1 seen + 1 heard; 1 freshly eaten by avian predator on ground 21.12.2005,	1,
16.	Coconut Lorikeet	<i>Trichoglossus haematodus</i>	Res	2 heard 21.12.05,	1,
17.	Ducorp's Cockatoo	<i>Cacatua ducorpsi</i>	End Sol	1 seen 21.12.2005,	1,
18.	Collared Kingfisher	<i>Todirhamphus chloris</i>	Res	1 heard 21.12.05,	1,
19.	Beach Kingfisher	<i>Todirhamphus saurophaga</i>	Res	1 heard 21.12.05,	1,
20.	Pacific Swallow	<i>Hirundo tahitica subfusca</i>	Res	2 seen 21.12.05,	1,
21.	White-bellied Cuckoo-shrike	<i>Coracina papuensis</i>	Res bre	2 seen 21.12.2005,	1,
22.	Island Monarch	<i>Monarcha cinerascens impediens</i>	Res bre	1 seen + 1 heard 21.12.2005,	1,2,
23.	Steel-blue Flycatcher	<i>Myiagra ferrocyanea</i>	End Sol	1 seen 1 heard 21.12.05,	1,
24.	Yellow-bellied Sunbird	<i>Nectarinia jugularis</i>	Res bre	5 seen + 1 heard 21.12.2005,	1,
25.	Singing Starling	<i>Aplornis cantoroides</i>	Res	1 seen 21.12.05,	1,

KEY

Ecological status

End = Endemic to Island unless otherwise stated, **Res bre** = Resident breeder, **Res** = resident ie breeding not proven or not likely. For seabirds it means they have or should be

found in that area: note other refs. **Vag** = Vagrant, **Res/mig** = Part of population migratory, **Sum mig** = Summer migrant, **Win mig** = Winter migrant, **Spr/Aut mig** = Passage migrant in Spring and Autumn, **Intro** = Introduced.

Abundance

R = rare, **S** = scarce, **UC** = uncommon, **MC** = moderately common, **LC** = locally common, **C** = common, **VC** = very common, **A** = abundant **P** = present.

Colour coding applies only to one species on a particular list. eg. An abundance comment in **red** for the Brown Booby refers to the Ref # in **Red** for that species only.

Alternate Island Names & alternate common Bird Names are recorded in two separate spreadsheet files.

REFERENCES

1. Tarburton, M.K. 2005. Personal Field Notes.
2. Mayr, E. 1955. Notes on the birds of Northern Melanesia. 3. Passeres. *Amer. Mus. Novitates* 1707: 1-46.