

Wallai Island Bird Checklist

6km sth of Kupiano, NG, PNG

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#	Common Name	Scientific Name	Ecol. Status	Abundance	References
1.	Lesser Frigatebird	<i>Fregata ariel</i>	Res	5 obs Dec 1988,	1,
2.	Brown Booby	<i>Sula leucogaster</i>	Res	10 obs Dec 1988,	1,
3.	Eastern Reef Egret	<i>Egretta sacra</i>	Res	1 grey Dec 1988,	1,
4.	Ruddy Turnstone	<i>Arenaria interpres</i>	Sum mig	1 obs Dec 1988,	1,
5.	Grey-tailed Tattler	<i>Tringa brevipes</i>	Sum mig	1 obs Dec 1988,	1,
6.	Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>	Sum mig	2 obs Dec 1988,	1,
7.	Crested Tern	<i>Thalasseus bergii</i>	Res	1 obs Dec 1988,	1,
8.	Brown Noddy	<i>Anous stolidus</i>	Res	20 obs Dec 1988,	1,
9.	Black Noddy	<i>Anous minutus</i>	Res bre	1000 obs Dec 1988,	1,
10.	Pied Imperial Pigeon	<i>Ducula bicolor</i>	Res	6 obs Dec 1988,	1,
11.	Beach Kingfisher	<i>Todirhamphus saurophaga</i>	Res	1 obs Dec 1988,	1,
12.	Varied Honeyeater	<i>Lichenostomus versicolour</i>	Res	20 obs Dec 1988,	1,

KEY

Ecological status

End = Endemic to Island unless otherwise stated, **Res bre** = Resident breeder, **Res** = resident ie breeding not proven or not likely. For seabirds it means they have or should be found in that area: note other refs. **Vag** = Vagrant, **Res/mig** = Part of population migratory, **Sum mig** = Summer migrant, **Win mig** = Winter migrant, **Spr/Aut mig** = Passage migrant in Spring and Autumn, **Intro** = Introduced.

Abundance

R = rare, **S** = scarce, **UC** = uncommon, **MC** = moderately common, **LC** = locally common, **C** = common, **VC** = very common, **A** = abundant **P** = present.

Colour coding applies only to one species on a particular list. eg. An abundance comment in **red** for the Brown Booby refers to the Ref # in **Red** for that species only.

Alternate Island Names & alternate common Bird Names are recorded in two separate spreadsheet files.

REFERENCES

1. Gregory-Smith, R. & J. Gregory-Smith. 1989. Bird notes from Wallai Island. **Muruk** 4, 21.