

San Miguel Island Systematic Bird Check List

Admiralty Group, PNG

2 18 21s 147 32 14e

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#	Common Name	Scientific Name	Ecol. Status	Abundance	References
1.	Eastern Reef Egret	<i>Egretta sacra</i>	Res bre	P,	1,
2.	Rufous Night-Heron	<i>Nycticorax caledonicus hilli</i>	Res bre	P,	1,
3.	Pacific Baza	<i>Aviceda subcristata coultasi</i>	Res bre	P,	1,
4.	Brahminy Kite	<i>Haliastur indus girrenera</i>	Res bre	P,	1,
5.	Variable Goshawk (Grey)	<i>Accipiter novaehollandiae manusi</i>	Res	P,	1,
6.	White-bellied Sea-eagle	<i>Haliaeetus leucogaster</i>	Res bre	P,	1,
7.	Mackinlay's Cuckoo-dove	<i>Macropygia mackinlayi</i>	Res bre	P,	1,
8.	Yellow-bibbed Fruit-dove	<i>Ptilinopus solomonensis</i>	Res bre	P,	1,
9.	Coconut Lorikeet	<i>Trichoglossus haematodus</i>	Res bre	P,	1,
10.	Channel-billed Cuckoo	<i>Scythrops novaehollandiae</i>	Win mig	P,	1,
11.	Beach Kingfisher	<i>Todirhamphus saurophaga</i>	Res bre	P,	1,
12.	Manus Fantail	<i>Rhipidura semirubra</i>	End + Tong	P but friendly	2,
13.	Rufous Fantail	<i>Rhipidura rufifrons</i>	Res bre	P,	1,
14.	Island Monarch	<i>Monarcha cinerascens fulviventris</i>	Res bre	MC-VC Inhabits littoral forest, scrub and gardens.	2,3,
15.	Yellow-bellied Sunbird	<i>Nectarinia jugularis</i>	Res bre	P,	1,
16.	Ebony Myzomela	<i>Myzomela pammelaena</i>	Res bre	MC-A in al habitats.	1,2,
17.	Singing Starling	<i>Aplornis cantoroides</i>	Res bre	P,	1,

KEY

Ecological status

End = Endemic to Island unless otherwise stated, **Res bre** = Resident breeder, **Res** = resident ie breeding not proven or not likely. For seabirds it means they have or should be found in that area: note other refs. **Vag** = Vagrant, **Res/mig** = Part of population migratory, **Sum mig** = Summer migrant, **Win mig** = Winter migrant, **Spr/Aut mig** = Passage migrant in Spring and Autumn, **Intro** = Introduced.

Abundance

R = rare, **S** = scarce, **UC** = uncommon, **MC** = moderately common, **LC** = locally common, **C** = common, **VC** = very common, **A** = abundant **P** = present.

Colour coding applies only to one species on a particular list. eg. An abundance comment in red for the Brown Booby refers to the Ref # in Red for that species only.

Alternate Island Names & alternate common Bird Names are recorded in two separate spreadsheet files.

REFERENCES

1. Mayr, E. & J. Diamond. 2001. **The Birds of Northern Melanesia**. Oxford. Oxford University Press.
2. Coates, B.J. 1990. **The Birds of Papua New Guinea V. 2. Passerines** Dove Pub. Aldersley, Qld.
3. Mayr, E. 1955. Notes on the birds of Northern Melanesia. 3. Passeres. *Amer. Mus. Novitates* 1707: 1-46.