Matenai Isl. Bird Checklist

Siassi Grp. Far N. PNG

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#	Common Name	Scientific Name	Ecol. Status	Abundance	References
1.	Willie Wagtail	Rhipidura leucophrys melaleuca	Res bre	C-VC in man-made or naturally open country < 850m MC-VC Inhabits littoral forest, scrub and gardens. MC-A all habitats	1,2,
2.	Island Monarch	Monarcha cinerascens fulviventris	Res bre		1,3,
3.	Ebony Myzomela	Myzomela pammelaena	Res bre		1,

KEY

Ecological status

End = Endemic to Island unless otherwise stated, **Res bre** = Resident breeder, **Res** = resident ie breeding not proven or not likely. For seabirds it means they have or should be found in that area: note other refs. **Vag** = Vagrant, **Res/mig** = Part of population migratory, **Sum mig** = Summer migrant, **Win mig** = Winter migrant, **Spr/Aut mig** = Passage migrant in Spring and Autumn, **Intro** = Introduced.

Abundance

R = rare, S = scarce, UC = uncommon, MC = moderately common, LC = locally common, C = common, VC = very common, A = abundant P = present.

Colour coding applies only to one species on a particular list. eg. An abundance comment in red for the Brown Booby refers to the Ref # in Red for that species only.

Alternate Island Names & alternate common Bird Names are recorded in two separate spreadsheet files.

REFERENCES

- 1. Coates, B.J. 1990. The Birds of Papua New Guinea Vol. 2. Passerines. Dove Pub. Aldersley, Qld.
- 2. Boles, W.E. 2006. Fantails. In Hoyo, J. A. Elliott, & D Christie. 2006. Handbook of the Birds of the World Vol 11. Lynx Edicions. Barcelona.
- 3. Mayr, E. 1955. Notes on the birds of Northern Melanesia. 3. Passeres. Amer. Mus. Novitates 1707: 1-46.