

Tiga Island Bird Checklist

Loyauté Group, New Caledonia

21 05 53s 167 48 29e

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#	Common Name	Scientific Name	Ecol. Status	Abundance	References
1.	Lesser Frigatebird	<i>Fregata ariel ariel</i>	Res	2 obs,	2,
2.	Red-tailed Tropicbird	<i>Phaethon rubricauda</i>	Res	4 obs	2,
3.	Brown Booby	<i>Sula leucogaster plotus</i>	Res bre	Small bre colony in summer, 35 pr,	1,2,
4.	Eastern Reef Egret	<i>Egretta sacra albolineata</i>	Res bre	9 observed br confirmed,	2,
5.	Brown Goshawk	<i>Accipiter fasciatus vigilax</i>	Res bre	6 observed br confirmed,	2,
6.	Pacific Golden Plover	<i>Pluvialis fulva</i>	Sum mig	9 observed,	2,
7.	Crested Tern	<i>Thalasseus bergii cristata</i>	Res	5 obs,	2,
8.	Emerald Dove	<i>Chalcophaps indica</i>	Res bre	At 14% of 52 survey sites 1999-2002,	2,
9.	Red-bellied Fruit-Dove	<i>Ptilinopus greyi</i>	Res bre	At 65% of 52 survey sites 1999-2002,	2,
10.	Shining Bronze-Cuckoo	<i>Chrysococcyx lucidus</i>	Win mig	At 10% of 52 survey sites 1999-2002,	2,
11.	Fan-tailed Cuckoo	<i>Cacomantis flabelliformis</i>	Win mig?	At 2% of 52 survey sites 1999-2002,	2,
12.	Eastern Barn Owl	<i>Tyto javanica delicatula</i>	Res?	1 pellet identified,	2,
13.	Glossy Swiftlet	<i>Collocalia esculenta</i>	Res bre	At 14% of 52 survey sites 1999-2002,	2,
14.	Sacred Kingfisher	<i>Todiramphus sancta</i>	Win mig	At 17% of 52 survey sites 1999-2002,	2,
15.	Dark-brown Honeyeater	<i>Lichmera incana</i>	Res bre	At 98% of 52 survey sites 1999-2002,	2,
16.	Fan-tailed Gerygone	<i>Gerygone flavolateralis</i>	Res bre	At 2% of 52 survey sites 1999-2002,	2,
17.	Melanesian Flycatcher	<i>Myiagra caledonica</i>	Res bre	At 14% of 52 survey sites 1999-2002,	2,
18.	Silvereye	<i>Zosterops lateralis</i>	Res bre	At 83% of 52 survey sites 1999-2002,	2,

KEY

Ecological status

End = Endemic to Island unless otherwise stated, **Res bre** = Resident breeder, **Res** = resident ie breeding not proven or not likely. For seabirds it means they have or should be found in that area: note other refs. **Vag** = Vagrant, **Res/mig** = Part of population migratory, **Sum mig** = Summer migrant, **Win mig** = Winter migrant, **Spr/Aut mig** = Passage migrant in Spring and Autumn, **Intro** = Introduced.

Abundance

R = rare, **S** = scarce, **UC** = uncommon, **MC** = moderately common, **LC** = locally common, **C** = common, **VC** = very common, **A** = abundant **P** = present.

Colour coding applies only to one species on a particular list. eg. An abundance comment in **red** for the Brown Booby refers to the Ref # in **Red** for that species only.

Alternate Island Names & alternate common Bird Names are recorded in two separate spreadsheet files.

REFERENCES

1. Barre, N. Baudat-Francheschi, J. Spaggiari, J. Chartendrault, V. Bachy, P. Desmoulin, F. Guhring, J. 2007. Second complement à la liste des oiseaux de Nouvelle-Calédonie. *Alauda* 75(2), 129-144.

2. Barre, N., Villard, P., Manceau, N. Monimeau, L., & Ménard, C. 2006. Les oiseaux de L'archipel des Lyauté (Nouvelle-Calédonie): inventaire et elements d'écologie et de biogéographie. *Rev. Écol. (Terre Vie)*. 61, 175-194