

Sagewin Is. Bird Checklist

West Papua Isl. Indonesia.

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#	Common Name	Scientific Name	Ecol. Status	Abundance	References
1.	Spot-winged Monarch	<i>Monarcha guttula</i>	Res bre	C in Rainforest, monsoon forest & tall regrowth-quiet.	1,
2.	Variable Pitohui	<i>Pitohui kirhocephalus pallidus</i>	Res bre	Rare- VC in forests UC-C.	1,2,
3.	Island Whistler	<i>Pachycephala phaionotus</i>	Res bre	Inhabits coastal vegetation.	1,
4.	Olive Honeyeater	<i>Lichmera argentauris</i>	Res bre	Feeds on Coconut and pawpaw blossoms.	1,

KEY

Ecological status

End = Endemic to Island unless otherwise stated, **Res bre** = Resident breeder, **Res** = resident ie breeding not proven or not likely. For seabirds it means they have or should be found in that area: note other refs. **Vag** = Vagrant, **Res/mig** = Part of population migratory, **Sum mig** = Summer migrant, **Win mig** = Winter migrant, **Spr/Aut mig** = Passage migrant in Spring and Autumn, **Intro** = Introduced.

Abundance

R = rare, **S** = scarce, **UC** = uncommon, **MC** = moderately common, **LC** = locally common, **C** = common, **VC** = very common, **A** = abundant, **P** = present.

Colour coding applies only to one species on a particular list. eg. An abundance comment in red for the Brown Booby refers to the Ref # in Red for that species only.

Alternate Island Names & alternate common Bird Names are recorded in two separate spreadsheet files.

REFERENCES

1. Coates, B.J. 1990. **The Birds of Papua New Guinea V. 2.** Dove Pub. Aldersley, Qld.
2. Rand, A.L., & E.T Gilliard. 1967. **Handbook of New Guinea Birds.** Weidenfeld & Nicolson, London.